B.Sc. Semester - 5 ZOOLOGY SYLLABUS (Effective from June 2019)

The syllabus is to be completed by assigning FOUR hours for each Theory Paper 301 to 304 and THREE hours for Theory Paper 305 and a total of TWELVE hours for the Practicals, per week.

Pattern of Examination:

- Theory (Ext. 350 marks & Int. 150 marks)
- Practicals (Ext. 140 marks & Int. 60 marks)

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Each theory paper comprises of FOUR UNITS. UNIT I & II carry 18 marks & UNIT III & IV carry 17 marks in the university examinations.
- 2. The theory question papers will have to be set according to the paper-style and the pattern of marks-distribution provided on last page of theory syllabus.
- 3. The details, paper-skeleton with marks distribution for the Practicals is provided in this syllabus.
- 4. In order to be qualified to appear in the Internal/External (University) Practical Examination, the student must submit his/her duly certified journals on the day of examination.

$\underline{PAPER - 301}$ (Theory)

(ECOLOGY, ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Nonchordates))

Unit-I ECOLOGY:

A. Biotic Community:

- Concept of community
- Community stratification in terrestrial habitat
- > Community periodicity

B. Ecological Succession:

- ➤ Kinds of Succession
- Process of succession
- ➤ Patterns of succession (Hydrosere, Xerosere)
- > Significance of Ecological Succession.

Reference Books for Ecology:

- 1. Fundamentals of Ecology, P. S. Odum, Saunders.
- 2. Concepts of Ecology, N. Arumugam, Saras Publication, Nagercoil.
- 3. Ecology and Environment, P. D. Sharma, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
- 4. Ecology, Ricklefs. W. H. Freeman.
- 5. Concepts of Ecology, 4th Edition, E. J. Kormondy, Prentice-Hall of India.

Unit II ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Nonchordate)

Type Study & General Topics:

A. General structure & morphology with functional anatomy of the following animal:

Arthropoda: Type – Scorpion (*Palamnaeus*) - Classification, Habit & Habitat, Ext. characters, Digestive system, Book-lungs, Circulation system, Excretory organs, Nervous system, Sense organs and Reproductive systems.

B. General topics:

Porifera : Skeleton and Canal systems.

Coelenterata : Polymorphism.

Annelida : Ecology of polychaeta, Nephridia & Coelomoducts.

Unit III ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Nonchordate)

Type Study & General Topics:

A. General structure & morphology with functional anatomy of the following animal:

Mollusca: Type - Cuttlefish (Sepia officinalis) - Classification, Habit

& Habitat, External Characters, Digestive System, Respiratory system, Circulation system, Excretory system, Nervous system, Sense organs and Reproductive systems.

B. General topics:

Arthropoda: Crustacean larvae and Excretory organs.

Mollusca : Shell, Foot and Torsion - Detorsion.

Unit-IV ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Nonchordate)

Type Study & General Topics:

A. General structure & morphology with functional anatomy of the following animal:

Echinodermata: Type- Starfish (Asterias) - Classification, Habit &

Habitat, External Characters, Body wall, Digestive system, Water vascular system, Reproductive

system.

B. General topics:

Echinodermata: Larval forms.

Minor phyla : General characters of Phoronida, Brachiopoda

and Echiuroidea.

Reference Books for Units I, II, III & IV:

- 1. Textbook of Invertebrates, R. L. Kotpal, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
- 2. Manual of Zoology, E. K. Ayyer, Vol. I & II.
- 3. Invertebrate Zoology, Jordan and Verma, S. Chand & Company, Delhi.

PAPER - 302 (Theory)

(ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Chordates))

Unit-I ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Chordates) - Type Study:

General structure & morphology with functional anatomy of the following animal:

Osteichthyes: Type - Labeo (Labeo rohita) - Classification, Habit &

Habitat, External characters, Digestive System, Respiratory system, Heart, Arterial & Venous systems, Brain and

Urinogenital system.

Unit-II ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Chordates) - Type study :

General structure & morphology with functional anatomy of the following animal:

Aves : Type - Pigeon (Columba livia) - Classification, Habit

& Habitat, External characters, Digestive system,

Respiratory system, Circulatory systems, Brain,

Urinogenital system, Types of feathers.

Unit-III ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Chordates) - General topics:

Pisces : Differences between Chondrichthyes & Osteichthyes,

Swim bladders, Accessory respiratory organs, Parental

care and Migration.

Dipnoi: Habits, Habitat and peculiarities of Protopterus,

Lepidosiren and Neoceratodus.

Amphibia : Parental care.

Unit-IV ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Chordates) - General topics:

Reptilia: Temporal fossae,

Dinosaurs (Brontosaurus, Triceratops, Tyranosaurus, Dimetrodon, Stegosaurus, Pteranodon, Ichthyosaurus,

Iguanodon).

Aves: Birds are glorified reptiles, Migration.

Mammalia : Adaptations of aquatic mammals,

Dentition (dental formulae of Human, Cow, Horse,

Rat, Elephant, Dog, Cat).

Reference Books for Units I, II, III & IV:

1. Textbook of Vertebrates, R. L. Kotpal, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.

- 2. Chordate Zoology, P. S. Dhami, and J. K. Dhami, S. Chand & Co., Delhi.
- 3. Introduction to Chordates, T. C. Majupuria, Pradeep Publications, Jalandhar.

<u>PAPER - 303</u> (Theory) (ANIMAL BIOCHEMISTRY)

Unit-I CARBOHYDRATES:

Introduction, definition and classification of Carbohydrates.

Asymmetry, Isomers, Optical isomerism and Mutarotation.

Formulation of Monosaccharides (Fischer and Haworth formula)

Monosaccharides:

- Definition, General formula.
- Classification upto Hexoses (with structures of suitable examples).
- Chemical properties :
 - a) Reaction involving glycosidic -OH group.
 - b) Reactions involving both, -OH as-well-as -CHO/-C=O groups:
 - Oxidation: Sugar acids, Oxidation with metal hydroxides.
 - Reduction: Reduction with sodium amalgam,
 Reduction with strong mineral acids,
 Reduction with dilute alkalis.
 - Osazone test: Reaction with phenyl hydrazine.

Unit-II CARBOHYDRATES:

Disaccharides:

- Definition.
- Flow-chart of classification based upon the type of glycosidic linkages.
- Occurrence, formation, structure, properties and hydrolysis of Sucrose, Lactose, Maltose and Cellobiose.

Polysaccharides:

- Definition.
- Flow-chart of classification, based upon structures and functions.
- Occurrence, formation, structure, properties and hydrolysis of :
 - a) Homopolysaccharides Starch, Glycogen, Inulin, Cellulose and Chitin.
 - b) Heteropolysaccharides Mucopolysaccharides : Hyaluronic acid, Chondroitin Sulphates, Heparin.
- Biological significance of Carbohydrates.

Unit III PROTEINS:

Introduction and Definitions.

Amino Acids:

General Structure

- Classification
 - (based upon the composition of the side chain/R group)
 (based upon the number of amino and carboxylic groups)
- Nonprotein amino acids

Peptides:

- Formation of Peptide Bond, N- and C- terminals
- Naming of peptide chain

Protein Structure:

Chemical Bonds: a) Primary - Peptide bond

b) Secondary - Disulfide, Hydrogen, Hydrophobic and Ionic.

Protein Configuration:

- a) Primary structure (Amino acid sequence)
- b) Secondary structure (α-helix formation, β-Pleated Sheet)
- c) Tertiary structure (Folding of the peptide chain)
- d) Quaternary structure (Protein-protein interactions)

Unit-IV PROTEINS:

Classification of proteins:

- a) Based upon shape Globular and Fibrillar.
- b) Based upon composition & solubility Simple, Conjugated and Derived.

Properties:

Physical - Colour & Taste, Shape & Size, Molecular weight, Colloidal nature, Denaturation, Amphoteric nature and Solubility.

Chemical -

- a) Hydrolysis
- b) Reactions involving -COOH group:
 - Reaction with alkalies (Salt formation)
- c) Reactions involving -NH₂ group:
 - Reaction with mineral acids (Salt formation)
 - Reaction with formaldehyde
- d) Reaction involving R group (Biuret test)
- Biological significance of proteins

Reference Books for Units I, II, III & IV:

- 1. Elementary Biochemistry, J. L. Jain, S. Chand & Company, Delhi.
- 2. Biochemistry, I. Stryer, Freeman.
- 3. Harper's Biochemistry, Lange, McGraw-Hill.
- 4. Principles of Biochemistry, Lehninger, CBS Publications.

PAPER - 304 (Theory)

(CYTOLOGY AND CANCER BIOLOGY)

Unit-I CYTOLOGY (Tools and Techniques):

- 1. Electron Microscopes (TEM, SEM)
- 2. Fluorescence microscope
- 3. Confocal Microscope
- 4. Paper chromatography (Ascending and Descending)
- 5. PAGE Slab gel electrophoresis

Unit-II CYTOLOGY:

- 1. Karyotyping and Karyotype
- 2. Ultrastructure and functions of Plasma membrane:
 - a) Brief introduction of chemical composition.
 - b) Ultrastructure 'Fluid Mosaic model' only.
 - c) Specialized structures of plasma membrane:
 - Specialization due to outpushings/evaginations.
 - Specialization due to inpushings/invaginations.
 - Specializations due to contact :
 - Desmosomes, Hemi-desmosomes, Septate desmosomes, Tight junctions, Gap junctions, Terminal bars and Interdigitation.
 - d) Functions of plasma membrane:
 - Permeability, Osmosis, Diffusion, Facilitated transport, Active transport, Endocytosis, Exocytosis.

Unit-III CYTOLOGY:

- 1. Classification of chromosomes based upon:
 - the location of their centromeres
 - their functions (i.e. somatic & sex chromosomes)
- 2. Ultrastructure & general functions of:
 - A) Metaphase Chromosome (Chromatin, Chromatids, Nucleosome, Centromere, Kinetochore, Telomere, Secondary constriction,

Euchromatin, Heterochromatin)

- B) Giant chromosomes Polytene chromosome and Lampbrush chromosome.
- 3. Cell differentiation
 - Hammerling's experiment on Acetabularia,
 - Bantook's experiment on zygote of Mayetiola destructor,
 - Spemann's experiment on eggs of newt and Somatic hybridization
- 4. Ultrastructure & general functions of Cilia/Flagella.
- 5. Ultrastructure & general functions of Centrioles/Basal bodies.
- 6. Cell cycle

Unit-IV CANCER BIOLOGY:

- 1. What is cancer?
- 2. Types of cancer.
- 3. Characteristics of cancer cells.
- 4. Possible causes of carcinogenesis:
 - a) Mutation theory
 - b) Metabolic theory.
 - c) Hormonal disturbance theory.
 - e) Irritation theory.
- 5. Chemical carcinogens.
- 6. Mechanism by which carcinogens induce cancer.
- 7. Oncogenic viruses.
- 8. Retroviruses.

Reference Books:

- 1. Cytology, P. S. Verma & V. K. Agarwal, S. Chand & Company, Delhi.
- 2. Cell Biology, C. B. Power, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 3. Cellular and Molecular Biology, De Robertis and De Robertis, Saunders Pub.
- 4. Essential Cell Biology, Bruce Alberts, et. al., Garland Pub.

SUBJECT ELECTIVE COURSE (SEC)

PAPER - 305 (Theory)

(POLLUTION, CYTOLOGICAL/ HISTOTECHNOLOGY TECHNIQUES)

Unit-I POLLUTION:

Various pollutants & their effects on living organisms

Air Pollutants :

- a) Gaseous CO, SO₂, NO₂
- b) Particulate Dust, Lead, Aerosol.

Effects of air pollution on living organisms

Effects of ozone depletion on human health

■ Water Pollutants :

Biological organisms (bacteria & protozoan), acids, alkalies, dyes, hydrogen sulphide, pesticides, fertilizers, toxic metals (Fluoride, Mercury, Arsenic), faeces, domestic wastes, and suspended matters.

Effects of water pollution on living organisms

■ Noise pollution and its effects on physical health

Unit-II POLLUTION:

- Soil/Land Pollutants and their effects:
 - a) Industrial solid wastes Toxic metals like Cu, Pb, Ni.
 - b) Urban wastes Garbage, paper, glasses, metal cans, plastics, faeces.
 - c) Agricultural sources Wastes from cattle sheds & poultry farms, fertilizers, pesticides and fumigants.
- Radioactive Pollutants and their effects.
- Biological Treatment of Effluents:
 - 1. Trickling filters system
 - Stabilization Ponds.
 - 3. Aerated lagoons.
- Role of an individual in the prevention of pollution.

Unit-III CYTOLOGICAL TECHNIQUES:

- Introduction.
- Types of slide preparations W.M., smears, squashes, sections.
- Fixation & Fixatives:
 - a) Purpose of fixation.
 - b) Some commonly used chemical fixatives:

Acetic acid, Potassium dichromate, Ethanol, Formaldehyde,

Osmium tetroxide, Bouin's fixative, Carnoy's fixative.

c) Some specialized chemical fixatives:

Dichromate fixatives - Zenker's fluid, Helly's fluid, Heidanhain's fluid.

Chromic acid fixatives - Lo Bianco's fluid.

Mercuric fixatives - Gilson's fluid, Lebrun's fluid.

d) Removal of fixatives - Lugol's solution, Lenoir's fluid, Lithium carbonate.

Unit-IV HISTOTECHNOLOGY TECHNIQUES:

- Fixation by Freezing:
 - a) Freeze-Drying method.
 - b) Freezing-Substitution method.
 - c) Freeze-Etching method.
- Dehydration.
- Embedding.
- Sectioning by Rotatory microtome, Cryotome, Ultramicrotome.
- Staining & Stains for light microscopy and electron microscopy.

Importance of Histotechnology

Reference Books:

- 1. Environmental Pollution (Popular Science), N. Manivasakan, National Book Trust, New Delhi.
- 2. Ecology and Environment, P. D. Sharma, Rastogi Publications, Meerut
- 3. Handbook of Basic Microtechnique, Peter Gray, McGraw-Hill Book Company.

B.Sc. Semester-5 Zoology

Theory Paper-style and Pattern of marks-distribution

(PAPER 301 to 305)

Q.1A	1)	Unit-I	07
	2)	Unit-I	07
		<u>OR</u>	
	1)	Unit-I	07
	2)	Unit-I	07
Q.1B	Ans	04	
	06	Objective questions of 01 mark each (Unit-I)	
Q.2A	1)	Unit-II	07
	2)	Unit-II	07
		<u>OR</u>	
	1)	Unit-II	07
	2)	Unit-II	07
Q.2B	Ans	swer in brief: (Any four)	04
	06	Objective questions of 01 mark each (Unit-II)	
Q.3A	1)	Unit-III	07
	2)	Unit-III	07
		<u>OR</u>	
	1)	Unit-III	07
	2)	Unit-III	07
Q.3B	Ans	swer in brief: (Any three)	03
	05	Objective questions of 01 mark each (Unit-III)	
Q.4A	1)	Unit-IV	07
	2)	Unit-IV	07

<u>OR</u>

	05 Objective questions of 01 mark each (Unit-IV).	
Q.4B	Answer in brief: (Any three)	
	2) Unit-IV	07
	1) Unit-IV	07

PAPER-306 (A-1) (Practicals) (Based mainly on Theory Paper-301)

1. ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Nonchordates):

Study of Scorpion:

- 1. External characters,
- 2. Digestive system,
- 3. Circulatory system,
- 4. Excretory system,
- 5. Nervous,
- 6. Reproductive system

2. ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Nonchordates):

Study of Cuttlefish:

- 1. External characters,
- 2. Digestive system,
- 3. Circulatory system,
- 4. Excretory system,
- 5. Nervous,
- 6. Reproductive system

3. ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Nonchordates):

Study of Starfish:

- 1. External characters,
- 2. Digestive system,
- 3. Water vascular system

4. ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Nonchordates):

Study by charts/models/specimens to study peculiarities of:

Leucosolenia, T. S. through Leucosolenia, Spicules, Porpita, Physalia, Obelia (W.M. & Medusa), Canal systems in Porifera, Crustacean larvae (Nauplius, Zoea, Megalopa), Shell (chiton, dentalium, mytilus, cypraea) and foot (Aplysia, Solen, Pearl oyster, octopus) Echinoderm larvae (Bipinnaria, Brachiolaria, Echinopluteus, Ophiopluteus, Auricularia, Doliolaria), Bonelia, Lingula, Phoronis.

5. Submission of permanent slides (03 wm & 03 Histological)

B.Sc. Semester-5 Zoology

(SKELETON QUESTION PAPER FOR PRACTICAL EXAMINATION) PAPER-306 (A-1)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 301 & 305)

Date	:	Marks: 35	,	Гіте:	•••••	
Q.I.	Sketch a labeled diagram	of the	system of Sco	rpion and	06	
	show it to the examiner.					
Q.2	Sketch a labeled diagram	of the	system of	and	06	
	show it to the examiner.					
Q.3.	Identify specimens 1 to 6 as per instructions:					
	Sp.1 Identify and comment on its peculiarities.					
	Sp.2 Identify and comment on its peculiarities.					
	Sp.3 Identify and comment on its peculiarities.					
	Sp.4 Identify and comment on its peculiarities.					
	Sp.5 Identify and comment on its peculiarities					
Q.4	Submission				10	
O.5	Journal				03	

B.Sc. Semester-5 Zoology

DETAILS OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (Question wise) PAPER-306 (A-1)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 301 & 305)

- Q.1 Scorpion- Ext Characters, Digestive, Circulatory, Excretory, Nervous, Reproductive system
- Q.2 Cuttlefish Ext Characters, Digestive, Circulatory, Excretory, Nervous, Reproductive system
 - Starfish Ext Characters, Digestive, Water Vascular system
- Q.3. Sp.1: Leucosolenia, T. S. through Leucosolenia, Spicules, Porpita, Physalia, Obelia (W.M. & Medusa)
 - Sp.2: Canal systems in Porifera,
 - Sp.3: Crustacean larvae (Nauplius, Zoea, Megalopa)
 - Sp.4: Echinoderm larvae (Bipinnaria, Brachiolaria, Echinopluteus, Ophiopluteus, Auricularia, Doliolaria)
 - Sp.5: Shell(chiton, dentalium, mytilus, cypraea) and foot (Aplysia, Solen, Pearl oyster, octopus) Bonelia, Lingula, Phoronis.
- Q.4 Submission of 06 permanent slides (03 Histology and 03 W.M)
- Q.5 Journal

PAPER-306 (A-2) (Practicals) (Based mainly on Theory Paper-302 & 305)

1. Ecology:

Estimation of (in water samples):

Titrimetric- (Acidity, Alkalinity, Calcium hardness (using Murexide indicator),
Total Hardness (using Eriochrome Black T indicator), Ca⁺⁺ & Mg⁺⁺.

2. ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Chordates):

Study of Labeo:

- 1. External characters,
- 2. Digestive system,
- 3. Respiratory system,
- 4. Arterial system,
- 5. Venous system,
- 6. Brain
- 7. Urogenital system.

3. ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Chordates):

Study of Pigeon:

- 1. External characters,
- 2. Digestive system,
- 3. Arterial systems,
- 4. Venous systems,
- 5. Brain,
- 6. Urogenital System.

4. ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Chordates):

Study by charts/models/specimens to study peculiarities of:

Types of feathers and Air-sacs in Pigeon, Swim bladder, Accessory respiratory organs in fishes, Petromyzon, Myxine, Protopterus, Eel, Parental care (Male Hippocampus, Male Kurtus, Male Arius, Female Tilapia, Alytes, Pipa, Rhacophorus, Hyla, Rhinoderma).

5. ANIMAL DIVERSITY(Chordates):

Study by charts/models/specimens to study peculiarities of:

Temporal fossae, Dinosaurs (Brontosaurus, Triceratops, Tyrannosaurus, Iguanodon, Stegosaurus, Pteranodon, Ichthyosaur, Plesiosaur). Aquatic mammals (Dolphin, Whale, Walrus, Seal), Dentition in mammals (dental formulae of Human, Cow, Horse, Elephant, Rat, Dog, Cat).

B.Sc. Semester-5 Zoology

(SKELETON QUESTION PAPER FOR PRACTICAL EXAMINATION) PAPER-306 (A-2)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 302 & 305)

Date	: Mark	Marks: 35		Time:			
Q.1	Estimate titrimetrically the	of the given	water sample	08			
	Record your observations & ca	lculations and subm	nit to the examine	r.			
Q.2	Sketch a labeled diagram of the	iesystem o	ofLabeo	08			
	/ Pigeon and show it to the exa	miner.					
Q.3	Identify specimens 1 to 5 as per instructions:						
	Sp.1 Identify and describe.						
	Sp.2 Identify and comment on its peculiarities.						
	Sp.3 Identify and comment on its peculiarities.						
	Sp.4 Identify and comment on its peculiarities.						
	Sp.5 Identify and comment.						
Q.4	Viva voce.			06			
Q.5	Journal			03			

B.Sc. Semester-5 Zoology

DETAILS OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (Question wise) PAPER-306 (A-2)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 302 & 305)

- Q.1 Acidity, Alkalinity, Calcium hardness (using Murexide indicator),

 Total Hardness (using Eriochrome Black T indicator), Ca++ and Mg++.
- Q.2 Labeo- External characters, Digestive. Respiratory, Arterial, Venous, Brain, Urogenital
 - Pigeon External characters, Digestive system, Arterial & Venous systems, Brain, Urogenital System.
- Q.3 Sp.1 Pigeon: Types of feathers and Air-sacs.
 - Sp.2 & Sp.3 Swim bladder, Accessory respiratory organs in fishes, Petromyzon, Myxine, Protopterus, Eel, Parental care (Male Hippocampus, Male Kurtus, Male Arius, Female Tilapia, Alytes, Pipa, Rhacophorus, Hyla, Rhinoderma).
 - Sp.4 Temporal fossae, Dinosaurs (Brontosaurus, Triceratops, Tyrannosaurus, Iguanodon, Stegosaurus, Pteranodon, Ichthyosaur, Plesiosaur).
 - Sp.5 Aquatic mammals (Dolphin, Whale, Walrus, Seal), Dentition in mammals (dental formulae of Human, Cow, Horse, Elephant, Rat, Dog, Cat).
- Q.4 Viva (Syllabus of Theory Papers 301, 302 & 305 as-well-as Practical Papers 306 (A-1) & 306 (A-2) only.)
- Q.5 Journal

B.Sc. Semester-5 Zoology

(SKELETON QUESTION PAPER FOR PRACTICAL EXAMINATION) PAPER-306 (B-1)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 303)

Date	: Marks : 35		Time:	•••••
Q.1	Detect any one constituent from the given	unkno	wn solution and	10
	show your tests to the examiner.			
Q.2	Estimate calorimetrically the concentration	n of	_ from the given	10
	unknown solution and submit your results	to the	examiner.	
	(Note: Students are not supposed to take the color	rimetry r	eadings by themselves.)	
Q.3	Prepare the atomic model and show it to t	he exar	niner.	12
	A. Carbohydrate			
	B. Amino Acid / Dipeptide			
Q.4	Journal			03

PAPER-306 (B-1) (Practicals) (Based mainly on Theory Paper-303)

1. Detection of carbohydrates & proteins:

Monosaccharides - Glucose and Fructose

Disaccharides - Lactose, Maltose and Sucrose

Proteins - Albumin and Casein

2. COLORIMETRIC ESTIMATION OF:

Proteins (Preparation of Std. Curve by Biuret method).

Glucose (Nelson-Somogyi method)

3. ATOMIC MODELS OF CARBOHYDRATES:

Preparation of atomic models of:

Acyclic as-well-as cyclic structures of

-Ribose, Arabinose, Ribulose, Glucose, Mannose, Galactose,

Psicose, Fructose and Tagatose.

-Maltose, Lactose and Sucrose

4. ATOMIC MODELS OF PROTEINS:

Preparation of atomic models of:

- -All amino acids except heterocyclic amino acids.
- Dipeptides (Glysyl-Alanine, Glysyl-Valine, Ala-Ser & Glu-Lys.)

B.Sc. Semester-5 Zoology

DETAILS OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (Question wise) PAPER-306 (B-1)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 303)

- Q.1 a) Monosaccharides Glucose and Fructose
 - b) Disaccharides Lactose, Maltose and Sucrose
 - c) Proteins Albumin and Casein
- Q.2 a) Estimation of Proteins (Preparation of Std. Curve by Biuret method).
 - b) Estimation of Glucose (Nelson-Somogyi method)
- Q.3 Atomic models of:
 - a) Acyclic as-well-as cyclic structures of
 - Ribose, Arabinose, Ribulose, Glucose, Mannose, Galactose, Psicose, Fructose and Tagatose.
 - Maltose, Lactose and Sucrose
 - All amino acids except heterocyclic amino acids.
 Dipeptides (Glysyl-Alanine, Glysyl-Valine, Ala-Ser & Glu-Lys.)
- Q.4 Journal

PAPER-306 (B-2) (Practicals) (Based mainly on Theory Paper-304)

1. CYTOLOGY:

- -Temporary mounting of mitosis from Onion root tip.
- -Temporary mounting of Barr body from Cheek cells / hair follicle.
- -Slide of Polytene chromosomes Salivary glands of Drosophila larva.
- 2. Study of karyotype of -Normal man, Normal woman, Down syndrome, Klinefelter syndrome, Turner syndrome
- 3. Ascending Paper Chromatography (Any of the 20 amino acids)
- 4. Study by charts/photographs

TEM, SEM, Confocal, Fluorescent microscope

Fluid Mosaic model of Plasma membrane,

Specialized structures of plasma membrane

(Specialization due to outpushings /evaginations, Specialization due to inpushings /invaginations,

-Specializations due to contact:

Desmosomes, Hemi-desmosomes, Septate desmosomes, Tight junctions, Gap junctions, Terminal bars and Interdigitation),

Ultrastructure of Polytene chromosome and Lampbrush chromosome. Cell cycle, Transmission & Scanning electron micrographs of a metaphase chromosome, Nucleosome, Ultrastructure of a Primary constriction, Somatic hybridization. Hammerling's experiment on Acetabularia, Bantook's experiment on zygote of Mayetiola destructor, Spemann's experiment on eggs of newt.

Cancer biology (Structure of retrovirus & DNA virus, Difference between normal & cancerous cell, Difference between benign & malignant tumor)

B.Sc. Semester-5 Zoology

(SKELETON QUESTION PAPER FOR PRACTICAL EXAMINATION) PAPER-306 (B-2)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 304)

Date:			Marks: 35	Time:	••••
Q.1				from the given material	08
0.2		low it to the examin		C 4 :	00
Q.2		a temporary prepart t your result to the		from the given material	08
			OR		
		out the Rf value, id to the examiner.	entify the unknow	n amino acid and submit y	our'
Q.3	Identi	fy specimens 1 to 2	4 as per instruction	s:	10
	Sp. 1	Identify and state	its uses.		
	Sp. 2	Identify and descri	ribe in brief.		
	Sp. 3	Identify and comr	nent.		
	Sp. 4	Identify and descri	ribe.		
	Sp.5	Identify and descri	ribe.		
Q.4	Viva v	/oce			06
Q.5	Journa	ıl			03

B.Sc. Semester-5 Zoology

DETAILS OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (Question wise) PAPER-306 (B-2)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 304)

- Q.1 Temporary mounting of mitosis from Onion root tip.
 Temporary mounting of Barr body from Cheek cells / hair follicle.
 Slide of Polytene chromosomes Salivary glands of Drosophila larva.
- Q.2 Study of karyotype of -Normal man, Normal woman, Down syndrome,Klinefelter syndrome, Turner syndrome ORAny of the 20 amino acids.
- Q.3 Sp. 1 TEM, SEM, Confocal, Fluorescent microscope
 - Sp. 2 a) Fluid Mosaic model of Plasma membrane.
 - Specialized structures of plasma membrane:
 Specialization due to outpushings/evaginations.
 Specialization due to inpushings/invaginations
 Specializations due to contact:
 Desmosomes, Hemi-desmosomes, Septate desmosomes,
 Tight junctions, Gap junctions, Terminal bars and Interdigitation.
 - Sp.3 Ultrastructure of Polytene chromosome and Lampbrush chromosome.
 - Cancer biology (Structure of retrovirus & DNA virus, Difference between normal & cancerous cell, Difference between benign & malignant tumor)
 - Sp.4 Cell cycle, Transmission & Scanning electron micrographs of a metaphase chromosome, Nucleosome, Ultrastructure of a Primary constriction, Somatic hybridization.
 - Sp.5 Hammerling's experiment on Acetabularia, Bantook's experiment on zygote of Mayetiola destructor, Spemann's experiment on eggs of newt.
 - Q.4 Viva voce
 - Q.5 Journal

NOTE:

- 1. The list of the reference books provided here in the syllabus is not an exhaustive list. Professors and students may use any other suitable & authentic reference source.
- 2. Besides using chalk & duster, professors are strongly encouraged to make use of additional methods of teaching, to complete the syllabus.
- 3. It is strongly advisable to take students for an excursion tour or educational visit to any coastal area, NP or sanctuary, in order to study the biodiversity in its natural habitat. However, collection of any fauna from its habitat should be avoided so as to help in maintaining the ecosystem.

B.Sc. Semester - 6

ZOOLOGY SYLLABUS

(Effective from June 2019)

The syllabus is to be completed by assigning FOUR hours for each Theory Paper 307 to 310 and THREE hours for Theory Paper 311 and a total of TWELVE hours for the Practicals, per week.

Pattern of Examination:

- Theory (Ext. 350 marks & Int. 150 marks)
- Practicals (Ext. 140 marks & Int. 60 marks)

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Each theory paper comprises of FOUR UNITS. UNIT I & II carry 18 marks & UNIT III & IV carry 17 marks in the university examinations.
- 2. The theory question papers will have to be set according to the paper-style and the pattern of marks-distribution provided on last page of theory syllabus.
- 3. The details, paper-skeleton with marks distribution for the Practicals is provided in this syllabus.
- 4. In order to be qualified to appear in the Internal/External (University) Practical Examination, the student must submit his/her duly certified journals on the day of examination.

PAPER-307 (Theory)

(POULTRY, FISHERIES, ANIMAL DIVERSITY (chordates), MOLECULAR BIOLOGY & GENETICS)

Unit I POULTRY SCIENCE

- 1. Introduction, Importance
- 2. Poultry birds, Poultry Housing,
- 3. Poultry Equipment's (Incubators, Brooders, Feeders, Waterers)
- 4. Care of egg laying hen, Brooding, Rearing,
- 5. Structure of unfertilized egg, Gradation of Eggs, Preservation of Eggs
- 6. Poultry Diseases (Pulorum, Ranikhet, Bird flue, Coccidiosis)

Unit II FISHERIES

- 1. Induced Breeding
- 2. Fish Preservation (Icing, salting, Canning, Freezing, Smoking)
- 3. Age determination in Fishes (By scale reading)
- 4. Marine prawn culture

Reference Books for Unit I & II

- 1. Poultry Vighyan, M I Dhasura, Granth nirman board
- 2. Essentials of Poultry Science, Mihir Suthar,
- 3. Fish & Fisheries of India, V. B. Jhingran, Hindustan Pub., Meerut.
- 4. Fishes, Mary Chandy. National Book Trust, India.
- 5. Fishery Science and Indian Fisheries, Srivastav, Kitab Mahal Pub., Delhi.

UNIT III ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Chordates)

Type Study & General topics:

General structure and morphology with functional anatomy of the following animal:

- A) i) Rat (*Rattus rattus*) External characters, Internal anatomy, Digestive system, Respiratory system, Heart, Arterial & Venous systems, Brain, Excretory and Reproductive system
 - ii) Shark (Scoliodon sorrakowah): Cranial nerves, Membranous labyrinth

B) General topics :

Types of beaks and feet in birds, V.S. of mammalian skin Derivatives of mammalian skin (Claw, Nail, Hoof, Horn and Hair)

Reference Books for Unit III:

- 1. Vertebrates, R. L. Kotpal, Rastogi Publication, Meerut.
- 2. Chordate Zoology, P. S. Dhami, and J. K. Dhami, S. Chand & Co., Delhi.
- 3. Introduction to Chordates, T. C. Majupuria, Pradeep Publication, Jalandhar.

UNIT IV MOLECULAR BIOLOGY and GENETICS:

A) Molecular Biology:

- 1) Types of DNA Replication: Semiconservative, Conservative and Dispersive.
- 2) DNA Synthesis: Basic idea of DNA polymerases, primer DNA, template (*in vitro*) DNA, Proof-reading by polymerases, Continuous & Discontinuous synthesis, DNA ligase, DNA helicases, DNA- binding proteins and DNA topoisomerases.
- 3) Types of DNA: A-DNA, B-DNA, Z-DNA.
- 4) Types of RNA: m, t, r and sn
- 5) Linkage and Crossing over (Linkage map, Single cross, Recombination)
- 6) Protein synthesis (in details)
- 7) Southern Blotting Technique
- 8) Northern Blotting Technique
- 9) Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)
- 10) DNA Fingerprinting

B) Genetics of Human Behavior:

- 1) First explain how to study Behavior Genetics.
- 2) (in brief): Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disorder, Fridreich Ataxia, Huntington Disease, Menkes Kinky-hair Disorder, Aggressive behavior, Schizophrenia, Alcoholism and Alzheimer Disease.
- 3) Gene therapy
- 4) Human Genome Project-brief account

Reference Books for Molecular Biology & Genetics:

- 1. Molecular Cell Biology, Lodish et. al., Scientific American Books.
- 2. Cell Biology, C. B. Powar, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 3. Cytology and Genetics, P. K. Gupta, S. Chand & Company, Delhi.
- 4. Elements of Biotechnology, P. K. Gupta, S. Chand & Company, Delhi.

- 5. Principles of Genetics (2nd Ed), Peter Snustad, M. J. Simmons, John Wiley & Sons
- 6. Basic Genetics, R. F. Weaver and P. W. Hedrick, WCB Publishers.
- **7.** Concepts Of Genetics, W. S. Klug and M. R. Cummings, Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd.
- 8. Essential Genetics, D. L. Hartl and E. W. Jones, Jones & Barlett Publishers.
- 9. Genetics, P. S. Verma and V. R. Agarwal, S. Chand & Company, Delhi.

PAPER - 308 (Theory)

(HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

Unit I HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY - LYMPHATIC SYSTEM:

- 1. Brief introduction.
- 2. Functions of the Lymphatic system
- 3. Lymphatic vessels and Lymph circulation (Route, Thoracic duct, Right Lymphatic duct, Maintenance)
- 4. Lymphoid organs: (Primary and secondary)
 - Thymus, Bone Marrow, Lymph nodes, Spleen, Lymphatic nodules
- 5. Non-Specific Resistance to Disease:

First line of defense: Skin & Mucous Membranes

(Mechanical factors, Chemical factors)

Second line of defense: Antimicrobial substances

(Interferon, Complement, Antimicrobial proteins)

6. Mechanism of Phagocytosis, Inflammation, Fever

Unit II HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY - IMMUNITY:

- 1. Brief introduction, Innate and Adaptive immunity
- 2. Cells of the Immune system
- 3. Immunity (Specific Resistance to Disease)
 - Antigens/Immunogens:

Definition, Characteristics, Chemical nature,

Antigen processing (Exogenous and Endogenous)

- Antibodies/Immunoglobulins:

Definition, Structure, Classes, Characteristics and Functions

Adaptive immunity-Cellular & Humoral Immunity

Formation of T cells & B cells

T cells & Cellular Immunity

B cells & Humoral Immunity

- Monoclonal antibodies
- 3. Disorders, Homeostatic Imbalances:
 - AIDS
 - Hypersensitivity (Allergy)
 - Autoimmune diseases
 - Tissue rejection

Unit III HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY - RESPIRATION:

- 1. Exchange of respiratory gases
- 2. Transport of respiratory gases:
 - a) Oxygen
 - b) Carbon dioxide
- 3. Carbon monoxide poisoning (in brief)
- 4. Control of respiration:
 - a) Nervous control Respiratory centre: Medullary rythmicity area, pneumotaxic area and apneustic area.
 Regulation of respirator centre activity:
 Cortical influences and Inflation reflex.
 - b) Chemical stimuli Hypercapnia
 - c) Other factors body temperature, sudden pain, etc.

Unit IV HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY - REPRODUCTION and MUSCLE CONTRACTION:

Reproduction:

- 1. Role of male sex hormones in men.
- 2. Role of female sex hormones in women.
- 3. Menstrual cycle.
- 4. Menopause.

Muscle contraction:

- 1. T.S. of a skeletal muscle
- 2. Histology of a striated muscle fibre.
- 3. Motor unit, Neuro-muscular junction.
- 4. Mechanism of muscle contraction and relaxation

Reference Books for Units I, II, III & IV:

- 1. Immunology, Kuby, Goldsby, Osborne and Thomas,
 - W.H. Freeman and Company, 6th edition
- 2. Principles of Anatomy and Physiology, Tortora and Anagnostakos, HarperCollins College Publishers, 4th Edition.
- 3. Animal Physiology and Related Biochemistry, H. R. Singh, Shobhan Lal Naginchand & Co. Edu. Pub., Jalandhar.
- 4. Textbook of Animal Physiology, A. K. Berry, Emkay Pub., New Delhi

PAPER - 309 (Theory)

(ANIMAL BIOCHEMISTRY & METABOLISM)

UNIT I LIPIDS AND ENZYMES:

A. Lipids:

- 1. Introduction and definition.
- 2. Components:

Alcohols,

Fatty acids:

Types of Fatty Acids:

- a) Saturated acids: Butyric, Palmitic, Stearic and Arachidic.
- b) *Unsaturated acids*: Monoethenoid, Diethenoid, Triethenoid and Tetraethenoid.

3. Classification of Lipids:

- a) Simple: Triglycerides (Fats), Waxes (Formulae not required)
- b) Compound: Phospholipids: Phosphoglycerides:

Lecithins, Cephalins, Plasmalogens

c) Derived Lipids: Steroids (Basic steroid nucleus and Cholesterol only).

4. Properties:

- a) *Physical* Colour, odour, taste, solubility, melting point, specific gravity, insulation and emulsification.
- b) Chemical -
 - a) Reactions involving -COOH group (Hydrolysis, Saponification and Hydrolytic rancidity)
 - b) Reactions involving double bonds (Hydrogenation, Halogenation and Oxidative rancidity)
- 5. Biological significance of Lipids.

B. Enzymes:

- 1. Introduction, Definition, Chemical nature
- 2. Nomenclature & Classification
- 3. Factors affecting enzyme activity/enzyme catalyzed reaction:
 Temperature, pH, Enzyme concentration, Substrate concentration, Activators, radiation, Inhibitors (Reversible, Irreversible, Allosteric Inhibition)
- 4. Mechanism of enzyme action

Unit II METABOLISM OF CARBOHYDRATE:

- 1. Glycogenesis (structures required).
- 2. Glycogenolysis (structures required).
- 3. Glycolysis (EM Pathway) (structures required).
- 4. Krebs Cycle (structures required).

Unit III METABOLISM OF CARBOHYDRATE:

- 1. Electron Transport System
- 2. HMP Shunt Pathway (structures required).
- 3. Glucogenesis (structures required).
- 4. Gluconeogenesis (structures not required).

Unit IV METABOLISM OF PROTEIN AND LIPID:

A. Metabolism of Protein:

- 1. Deamination (structures required).
- 2. Transamination (structures required).
- 3. Decarboxylation (structures not required).
- 4. Urea synthesis (structures required).

B. Metabolism of Lipid:

- 1. Glycerol metabolism (structures required).
- 2. Fatty acid metabolism: Oxidation of saturated fatty acids (structures required).
- 3. Biosynthesis of saturated fatty acids (structures required)

Reference Books for Units I, II, III and IV:

- 1. Elementary Biochemistry, J. L. Jain, S. Chand & Company, Delhi.
- 2. Harper's Biochemistry, Lange, McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Biochemistry, I. Stryer, Freeman.
- 4. Principles of Biochemistry, Lehninger, CBS Publications.

PAPER - 310 (Theory)

(TOXICOLOGY, ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY, ANIMAL BEHAVIOR, DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY)

Unit I TOXICOLOGY:

- 1. Brief Introduction.
- 2. Definitions of Toxicology, Toxicity, Toxicants and Xenobiotics.
- 3. Areas of Toxicology: Mechanistic, Regulatory, Forensic, Clinical, Environmental.
- 4. Classification of Toxicants: Corrosives, Irritants, Neurotics and Cardiac poisons.
- 5. Types of toxicity: Acute, Subacute, Chronic.
- 6. Toxicity rating chart
- 7. Factors affecting Toxicity: Size of animal, Age, Sex, Species, Strain, Feed & Feeding, Changes in internal environment, Habitually used drugs, Route & Rate of administration, Environment, Plasma-Protein binding.
- 8. Entry of toxicants into the animal's body: Gastro-intestinal route, Skin, Lungs, Parenteral administration.

Reference Books for Toxicology:

- 1. Fundamentals of Toxicology, Pandey, Shukla and Trivedi, New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd., Kolkata.
- 2. Modern Toxicology. Volumes 1-3, P. K.Gupta and D. K. Salunkhe, Metropolitan Book Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

Unit II ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY:

- 1. Brief history of biotechnology.
- 2. Advantages and disadvantages of animal Tissue Culture
- 3. Substrates on which cells grow and Gas phase for Tissue Culture in brief.
- 4. Some important requirements for cell & tissue culture: pH, CO₂ and Bicarbonate, Buffer, O₂, Temperature, Balanced Salt Solution (BSS), Antibiotics, Serum
- 5. Tissue Culture techniques.
- 6. Organ Culture techniques.
- 7 Whole Embryo Culture technique.

Reference book for Animal Biotechnology:

- 1. Elements of Biotechnology, P. K. Gupta, Rastogi Publication, Meerut.
- 2. Culture of Animal Cells-A Manual of Basic Technique, R. Ian Freshney, 5th Ed., A John Wiley & Sons Inc. Pub.

Unit III ANIMAL BEHAVIOUR (Ethology):

- 1. Introduction to Ethology
- 2. Learning: Definition.

Types of Learning: (a) Imprinting

- (b) Habituation
- (c) Classical conditioning (E.g. Pavlov's expt.)
- (d) Instrumental conditioning:

 Discrete trials procedures, Active avoidance learning
 Escape learning, Passive avoidance learning
- 3. Reproductive behavior patterns:

Courtship: Introduction, Need of courtship.

- Courtship signals e.g. Balloon Fly (Hilara sartor)
- Persuasion & Appeasement e.g. Stickleback's behaviour, Herring gull.
- False information e.g. Scorpion fly (Hylobittacus apicalis)
- 4. Communication in/between bats and moths.
- 5. Social organization in baboons.
- 6. Pheromones

Reference Books for Animal Behaviour:

- 1. Animal Behaviour, Mohan P. Arora, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 2. Essentials of Behaviour, P. J. B. Slater, Cambridge Univ. Press.
- 3. An Introduction to Animal Behaviour, Manning, Addition Wesley.

Unit IV DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY:

1. Types of eggs depending upon the quantity of yolk.

(Microlecithal/Oligolecithal, Mesolecithal and

Polylecithal/Macrolecithal/Megalecithal)

Types of eggs depending upon the distribution of yolk.

(Homolecithal/Isolecithal, Centrolecithal and Telolecithal)

2. Patterns of cleavage - radial, spiral (dextral, sinistral), bilateral,

incomplete/meroblastic and complete/holoblastic.

- 3. Embryology of Chick (upto 72 hours):
 - Fertilization, cleavage, blastulation,
 - Gastrulation (Primitive streak, Mesogenesis, Somite Formation)
 - Development of brain.
 - Development of heart.
 - Flexion & Torsion.
 - Extra-embryonic membranes.
 - Diagrams of 24 hr, 33 hr, 48 hr and 72 hr old chick embryo
- 4. Types of Placentation in mammals (histological).

Reference books for Developmental Biology:

- 1. Introduction of Embryology, Balinsky, CBS College Publishers.
- 2. Developmental Biology, T. Subramanayam, Narosa Publishing House.
- 3. Developmental Biology, V. B. Rastogi, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
- 4. An Outline of Animal Development, Davenport, Addition-Werley.

SUBJECT ELECTIVE COURSE (SEC)

PAPER – 311_(Theory) (APICULTURE, SERICULTURE)

Unit-I: APICULTURE:

Introduction.

- 1. Classification of Apis.
- 2. Different species of honey bees.
- 3. Castes in honey bees.
- 4. Structures and functions of each caste of honey bees.
- 5. A typical bee hive.
- 6. Communication in honey bees.

Unit-II: APICULTURE:

- 1. Life history of honey bee.
- 2. Apiculture choice of flora.
 - choice of bees.
- 3. Apiculture methods: Old and Modern methods.
- 4. Honey.
- 5. Beeswax.

Unit-III SERICULTURE:

Introduction.

- 1. Classification of *Bombyx mori*.
- 2. Habits and Habitat, External features and Life cycle of *Bombyx mori*.
- 3. Introduction to different species of silkworms used for sericulture.

Unit-IV: SERICULTURE:

- 1. Sericulture industry:
 - Requirements and appliances
 - Rearing of silkworm: Grainage management
 - Stiffling, Reeling and spinning
 - Diseases of silkworm
- 2. Chemistry and uses of silk.
- 3. Sericulture in India

Reference books:

- 1. Arthropoda, R. L. Kotpal, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
- 2. **Economic Zoology,** G. S. Shukla and V. B. Upadhyay, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
- 3. Economic and Applied Entomology, Kumar and Nigam, Emkay Pub., Delhi.

B.Sc. Semester-6 Zoology

Theory Paper-style and Pattern of marks-distribution (PAPER 307 to 311)

Q.1A	1)	Unit-I	07
	2)	Unit-I	07
		OR	
	1)	Unit-I	07
	2)	Unit-I	07
Q.1B	Ans	swer in brief: (Any four)	04
	06	Objective questions of 01 mark each (Unit- I)	
Q.2A	1)	Unit-II	07
	2)	Unit-II	07
		OR	
	1)	Unit-II	07
	2)	Unit-II	07
Q.2B	Ans	swer in brief: (Any four)	04
	06 (Objective questions of 01 mark each (Unit -II)	
Q.3A	1)	Unit-III	07
	2)	Unit-III	07
		OR	
	1)	Unit-III	07
	2)	Unit-III	07
Q.3B	Ans	swer in brief: (Any three)	03
	05 (Objective questions of 01 mark each (Unit-III)	
0.44	1\		0=
Q.4A	1)	Unit-IV	07
	2)	Unit-IV	07

<u>OR</u>

	1) Unit-IV	07
	2) Unit-IV	07
Q.4B	Answer in brief: (Any three)	
	05 Objective questions of 01 mark each (Unit-IV).	

PAPER-312 (A-1) (Practicals)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper-307)

1. ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Chordates):

Study of Rat:

- 1. Digestive system,
- 2. Arterial system,
- 3. Venous system,
- 4. Reproductive system,
- 5. Brain.

2. ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Chordates):

Study of Shark:

- 1. V, VII, IX, X Cranial nerves,
- 2. Membranous labyrinth

3. Genetic problems 1 to 4 as per appendix

4. ANIMAL DIVERSITY (Chordates):

Study by charts/models/specimens of:

- A) Poultry Poultry birds, Roofs of poultry house, Poultry Equipments, Structure of unfertilized egg, Gradation of Eggs (Based on air space).
- B) Fisheries Induced Breeding, Fish Preservation (Icing, salting, Canning, Freezing, Smoking), Age determination in Fishes (By scale reading), Marine prawn culture
- C) Types of beaks and feet in birds, V.S. of mammalian skin. Derivatives of mammalian skin (Claw, Nail, Hoof, Horn and Hair), Striated muscle fibres and medullated nerve fibres.

5. MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND GENETICS:

- A) Study by charts of:
 - DNA replication type, DNA synthesis in vitro, Types of DNA and RNA, Protein synthesis, (Central dogma, Transcription, Translation).
- B) Southern blotting, Thermocycler, DNA fingerprinting

B.Sc. Semester-6 Zoology

(SKELETON QUESTION PAPER FOR PRACTICAL EXAMINATION) PAPER-312 (A-1)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 307)

Date	:	Marks: 35	Time :	••
Q.1	Sketch a labeled diagram	of thesy	estem of rat and show	
	it to the examiner.			08
Q.2	Sketch a labeled diagram of	of theof s	hark and show	
	it to the examiner.			07
Q.3	Solve the given genetic pro	oblem.		05
Q.4	Identify specimens 1 to 6 as	s per instructions:		12
	Sp.1 Identify and describe.			
	Sp.2 Identify and describe			
	Sp.3 Identify and describe			
	Sp.4 Identify and describe			
	Sp.5 Identify and describe			
	Sp.6 Identify and describe			
0.5	Journal			03

B.Sc. Semester-6 Zoology DETAILS OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (Question wise)

PAPER-312 (A-1)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 307)

- Q.1 Rat Digestive, Arterial, Venous, Reproductive system, Brain.
- Q.2 Shark V, VII, IX, X Cranial nerves, Membranous labyrinth
- Q.3 Genetic Problems 1 to 4 (See APPENDIX)
- Q.4 Identify specimens 1 to 6 as per instructions:
 - Sp. 1 Poultry Poultry birds, Roofs of Poultry House
 - Sp. 2 Poultry Poultry Equipments, Structure of Unfertilized egg,Gradation of Eggs (Based on air space)
 - Sp. 3 Fisheries Induced Breeding,
 Fish Preservation (Icing, salting, Canning, Freezing, Smoking)
 Age determination in Fishes (By scale reading)
 Marine prawn culture
 - Sp. 4 Chordates Types of beaks and feet in birds,

V.S. of mammalian skin. Derivatives of mammalian skin

(Claw, Nail, Hoof, Horn and Hair),

Striated muscle fibres and medullated nerve fibres.

Sp.5 Molecular biology and Genetics:

DNA replication type

DNA synthesis in vitro

Types of DNA and RNA

Protein synthesis

(Central dogma, Transcription, Translation)

Sp.6 Molecular biology and Genetics:

Southern blotting, Thermocycler, DNA fingerprinting

APPENDIX for Paper - 312 (A-1) (Practical)

GENETICS PROBLEMS

1. A female animal with genotype AaBb is crossed with a double recessive male aabb. Their progeny include:

AaBb-	442
Aabb -	046
aabB -	054
aabb -	458

Explain these results.

Solution:

Two genes linked 10 map units apart. The female parent was of the type AB/ab.

2. Assume that an individual homozygous for ++ is crossed with one homozygous for ab and that F2 from this cross is as follows:

$$++ = 334$$

 $+b = 37$
 $+a = 38$
 $ab = 87$

Is this result different from that which you would expect if segregation of a and b were independent?

Solution:

- (a) Yes Here phenomenon of linkage has occurred
- (b) 15% crossing over percentage.
- **3.** In rabbit, two recessive genes produce a solid body colour and long-hair respectively in contrast to a spotted body colour and short-hair, which result from the dominant alleles. The result from a cross between the heterozygous spotted short-haired rabbit and solid long-haired rabbits are as follows:

```
Spotted short- 48
Spotted long - 05
Solid short - 07
Solid long - 40
```

In terms of crossing over units, how far apart are these genes on the chromosome?

Solution:

These two genes are 12 units apart on the chromosome.

4. In rabbit, black and short-hair are characters resulting from two dominant genes. The recessive alleles of these genes produce brown and long-hair. When we mate homozygous black, short-haired with brown, long-haired rabbits and test cross the offsprings, we obtain the following results:

Black short-haired - 29 Brown long-haired - 33 Black long-haired - 35 Brown short-haired - 27

From these results, would you conclude that these genes are located on the same chromosome? Why? If your answer is yes, what is the percentage of crossing over?

Solution:

- (a) These two genes are located on the same chromosome. Out of 124 offsprings 62 offsprings are recombinants due to crossing over between black short-haired and brown long-haired.
- (b) 50% crossing over.

PAPER-312 (A-2) (Practicals)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper-308)

1. HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-BLOOD

- 1. Total RBC count in your own blood.
- 2. Total WBC count in your own blood.
- 3. Preparation of your own blood smear, stained by Geimsa stain, to identify the different WBCs.
- 4. Estimation of Hb in your own blood
- 5. Preparation of Haemin crystals from your own blood
- 6. Determination of bleeding time and Blood clotting time of your own blood

2. HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-IMMUNITY

Study by charts/slides of:

Lymphatic circulatory system in humans, T.S. through a lymph node, T.S. through spleen, T.S. through thymus, Structure of an antibody.

3. HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-RESPIRATION

Study by charts of:

Respiratory muscles, Alveolar-capillary (respiratory) membrane, Exchange of the respiratory gases, Oxygen-haemoglobin dissociation curve

4. HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-REPRODUCTION

Study by charts of:

Menstrual cycle, T. S. of uterus, Mol. structures of Testosterone, Estrogen and Progesterone

5. HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-MUSCLE

Study by charts of:

T. S. of striated muscle, Ultrastructure of sarcomere, Neuro-muscular junction

B.Sc. Semester-6 Zoology

(SKELETON QUESTION PAPER FOR PRACTICAL EXAMINATION) PAPER-312 (A-2)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 308)

Date:		Marks:	35	Time:
Q.1	Perform the given p	ohysiological exp	periment	09
	Record your observations & calculations if necessary, and submit to			
	the examiner.			
Q.2	Estimate the conce	entration of	in your own blood	1. 09
	Make a temporary	preparation of OR	from your o	wn blood.
	Determine the	of your own	ı blood.	
Q.3	Identify the specim Sp.1 Identify an Sp.2 Identify an Sp.3 Identify an Sp.4 Identify an	d describe. d comment. d describe.	instructions:	08
Q.4	Viva voce.			06
Q.5	Journal.			03

B.Sc. Semester-6 Zoology DETAILS OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (Question wise) PAPER-312 (A-2)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 308)

- Q.1 Total RBC count in your own blood.
 Total WBC count in your own blood.
 Preparation of your own blood smear, stained by Geimsa stain, to identify the different WBCs.
- Q.2 Hb OR Haemin crystals OR Bleeding time & Blood clotting time
- Q3 Sp.1 Immunity: Lymphatic circulatory system in humans
 T.S. through a lymph node, T.S. through spleen
 T.S. through thymus, Structure of an antibody
 - Sp.2 Respiration: Respiratory muscles
 Alveolar-capillary (respiratory) membrane
 Exchange of the respiratory gases,
 Oxygen-haemoglobin dissociation curve
 - Sp.3 Reproduction: Menstrual cycle, T. S. of uterus

Mol. structures of Testosterone, Estrogen and Progesterone

Sp.4 Physiology of Muscle: T. S. of striated muscle.

Ultrastructure of sarcomere.

Neuro-muscular junction

Q.4 Syllabus of Theory Papers 307 & 308 as-well-as Practical Papers 312 (A-1) and 312 (A-2) only.

PAPER-312 (B-1) (Practicals)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper-309)

1. Colorimetric estimation of:

- 1. Cholesterol in Serum (Ferric chloride method)
- 2. Creatinine in urine

(Note; Students are not supposed to take the colorimetric readings by themselves)

3. Effect of temp / pH on the activity of salivary amylase

2. LIPIDS:

1. Study by charts of:

Basic steroid nucleus, Cholesterol

2. Preparation of Atomic models of:

Glycerol, Butyric acid, Crotonic acid, Tributyrin, Lecithins, Cephalins and Plasmalogens

3. ENZYMES:

Study by charts of:

- 1. Factors affecting enzyme activity:
- 2. Temperature
- 3. pH
- 4. Graph showing effect of [S] on the velocity of an enzyme catalyzed reaction.

4. METABOLOSM:

Study by charts of:

- 1. Glycogenesis (structures required).
- 2. Glycogenolysis (structures required).
- 3. Glycolysis (EM Pathway) (structures required)
- 4. Krebs cycle (structures required).
- 5. HMP Shunt pathway (structures required).
- 6. Glucogenesis (structures required).
- 7. Gluconeogenesis (structures not required).
- 8. Deamination (structures required).
- 9. Transamination, Urea synthesis (structures required).
- 10. β-oxidation of saturated fatty acids (structures required).
- 11. Synthesis of fatty acids (structures required).

B.Sc. Semester-6 Zoology

(SKELETON QUESTION PAPER FOR PRACTICAL EXAMINATION) PAPER-312 (B-1)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 309)

Date:	Marks: 35 Time	e :
Q.1 Estimate colorime	etrically the concentration of	10
from the given unl	known solution and submit your results to the	examiner.
	OR	
Effect of temp / pl	H on the activity of salivary amylase.	
a) Components of	c model of following and show it to the examination of the complex	ner. 12
b)Compound lipid	ls.	
Q.3 Identify the specin	mens 1 to 5 as per instructions:	10
Sp.1 Ident	ify and comment.	
Sp.2 Ident	ify and describe.	
Sp.3 Ident	ify and complete the chart.	
Sp.4 Ident	ify and comment.	
Sp.5 Ident	ify and comment.	
Q.4 Journal		03

B.Sc. Semester-6 Zoology

DETAILS OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (Question wise) PAPER-312 (B-1)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 309)

Q.1 Cholesterol in Serum (Ferric chloride method). Creatinine in urine.

OR

Effect of temp / pH on the activity of salivary amylase.

- **Q.2** a) Glycerol, Butyric acid, Crotonic acid, Tributyrin
 - b) Lecithins, Cephalins and Plasmalogens.
- Q.3 Sp.1 Glycerol, Butyric acid, Crotonic acid,

Tributyrin, Lecithins, Cephalins, Plasmalogens

Basic steroid nucleus, Cholesterol,

Sp.2 Factors affecting enzyme activity:

- Temperature
- pH
- Graph showing effect of [S] on the velocity of an enzyme catalyzed reaction.
- Sp.3 Glycogenesis (structures required).

Glycogenolysis (structures required).

Glycolysis (EM Pathway) (structures required)

Krebs cycle (structures required).

Sp.4 ETS

HMP Shunt pathway (structures required).

Glucogenesis (structures required).

Gluconeogenesis (structures not required).

Sp.5 Deamination (structures required).

Transamination, Urea synthesis (structures required).

β-oxidation of saturated fatty acids (structures required).

Synthesis of fatty acids (structures required).

PAPER-312 (B-2) (Practicals)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper-310 & 311)

1. TOXICOLOGY:

Study by charts of: LD₅₀ and LC₅₀

2. BIOTECHNOLOGY:

Study by charts of:

Trowel's type II culture chamber,

Tissue / Organ / Whole embryo culture techniques

3. ANIMAL BEHAVIOUR:

Study by charts of:

Communication in/between bats & moths,

Social organization in Baboons.

Courtship signals - e.g. Balloon Fly (Hilara sartor)

Persuasion & Appeasement-e.g. 3 Stickleback's zigzag dance, Herring gull.

False information - e.g. Scorpion fly (Hylobittacus apicalis)

4. APICULTURE:

Study by charts of:

Different species of honey bees, Life history of honey bee, Bee hive, Communication in honey bees, Apiculture method

5. SERICULTURE:

Study by charts of:

Different species of silkworms, Life cycle of Bombyx mori, Sericulture industry (Rearing, Stifling, Reeling, Spinning)

6. DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY:

Study by charts of following stages:

Cleavage / Blastula / Gastrula/ Placenta / Extraembryonic membranes

7. CHICK EMBRYOLOGY:

Study of permanent slides of W.M of 24, 33, 48, & 72 hrs chick embryo

B.Sc. Semester-6 Zoology (SKELETON QUESTION PAPER FOR PRACTICAL EXAMINATION) PAPER-312 (B-2)

(Based mainly on Theory Paper 310 & 311)

Date:		Marks : 35	Time :
Q.1 Ide	entify	the specimens 1 to 6 as per instructions:	14
	Sp.1	Identify and describe	
	Sp.2	Identify and describe	
	Sp.3	Identify and comment	
	Sp.4	Identify and comment the reproductive behaviour	pattern.
	Sp.5	Identify and describe	
	Sp.6	Identify and describe	
	Sp.7	Identify and describe	
Q.2 Ide	entify	the given slide, sketch and label the figure of chick	embryo. 07
Q.3 Stı	udy To	our report	05
Q.4 V	iva vo	ce.	06
Q.5 Jo	urnal		03

6th Semester - Zoology

DETAILS OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (Question wise) PAPER-312 (B-2)

(Based on Theory Papers 310 & 311)

- Q.1 Sp.1. Toxicology: LD₅₀ & LC₅₀ Biotechnology by chart: Trowel's type II culture chamber.
 - Sp.2 Biotechnology by chart: Tissue / Organ / Whole embryo culture techniques
 - Sp.3 Animal behaviour: Communication in/between bats & moths, Social organization in Baboons.
 - Sp.4 Animal behaviour: Courtship signals - e.g. Balloon Fly (Hilara sartor)

Persuasion & Appeasement-e.g. 3 Stickleback's zigzag dance, Herring gull.

False information - e.g. Scorpion fly (Hylobittacus apicalis)

- Sp.5 Apiculture: Different species of honey bees, Life history of honey bee Bee hive, Communication in honey bees, Apiculture method
- Sp.6 Sericulture: Different species of silkworms, Life cycle of Bombyx mori, Sericulture industry (Rearing, Stiffling, Reeling, Spinning)
- Sp.7 Cleavage / Blastulation / Gastrulation / Placentation / Extraembryonic membranes
- Q.2 Chick Embryology: 24, 33, 48, & 72 hrs chick embryo
- Q.3 Study tour report
- Q.4 Syllabus of Theory Papers 309, 310 & 311 as-well-as Practical Papers 312 (B-1) & 312 (B-2) only. ******

NOTE:

- 1. The list of the reference books provided here in the syllabus is not an exhaustive list. Professors and students may use any other suitable & authentic reference source.
- 2. Besides using chalk & duster, professors are strongly encouraged to make use of additional methods of teaching, to complete the syllabus.
- 3. It is strongly advisable to take students for an excursion tour or educational visit to any coastal area, NP or sanctuary, in order to study the biodiversity in its natural habitat. However, collection of any fauna from its habitat should be avoided so as to help in maintaining the ecosystem.